*Extract from the below named document for ICS Implementation purposes;* [*Microsoft Word - EBI consultation response statutory guidance 11 Jan 2019 FINAL v2.0 CLEAN + cover sheet.docx (aomrc.org.uk)*](https://www.aomrc.org.uk/ebi/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/ebi-statutory-guidance.pdf)

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Haemorrhoid surgery

Updated description of the intervention

Numerous interventions exist for the management of haemorrhoids (piles). The evidence recommends that surgical treatment should only be considered for haemorrhoids that keep coming back after treatment or for haemorrhoids that are significantly affecting daily life. Changes to the diet like eating more fibre and drinking more water can often help with haemorrhoids. Treatments that can be done in clinic like rubber band ligation, may be effective especially for less severe haemorrhoids.

Updated clinical criteria

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| Summary of intervention |
| This procedure involves surgery for haemorrhoids (piles). |
| Number of CCG interventions in 2017/18 |
| 8,474 |
| Recommendation |
| Often haemorrhiods (especially early stage haemorrhoids) can be treated by simple measures such as eating more fibre or drinking more water. If these treatments are unsuccessful many patients will respond to outpatient treatment in the form of banding or perhaps injection.Surgical treatment should only be considered for those that do not respond to these non-operative measures or if the haemorrhoids are more severe, specifically:Recurrent grade 3 or grade 4 combined internal/external haemorrhoids with persistent pain or bleeding; orIrreducible and large external haemorrhoidsIn cases where there is significant rectal bleeding the patient should be examined internally by a specialist. |
| Rationale for recommendation |
| Surgery should be performed, according to patient choice and only in cases of persistent grade 1 (rare) or 2 haemorrhoids that have not improved with dietary changes, banding or perhaps in certain cases injection, and recurrent grade 3 and 4 haemorrhoids and those with a symptomatic external component.Haemorrhoid surgery can lead to complications. Pain and bleeding are common and pain may persist for several weeks. Urinary retention can occasionally occur and may require catheter insertion. Infection, iatrogenic fissuring (tear or cut in the anus), stenosis and incontinence (lack of control over bowel motions) occur more infrequently. |

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| References |
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